FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF CAPITAL INVESTMENTS IN THE CONDITIONS OF ELECTRIC POWER ENTERPRISES RESTRUCTURING

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ABSTRACT

Financial support is the requirement of today power sector, enterprising restructuring is also a key point to be noted and should be filled out with great and enlarge potential. Most of the times minor consideration is given to this area and hence later on a large number of the problems were products after it. According to the research this powering sector is backbone of each and every country, however majority of the work must be transferred to the electric power enterprising restructuring zone. Electricity sector is highly requiring the attention to be paid to restructure it all system and also enough consideration is required to be paid to the power grades of electricity and to produce more electricity and enhance the system of the power grade stations. Currently the world is facing problems relating to the distributions of electricity. In most of the countries particularly in Asia investment is badly managed in the sector of electricity. Enormous investment is required to be invested the sector of the electricity to enlarge its performances and swift its working process. According to the research much work is done in this sector however a lot is required to be done to maximize the overall working of the electricity. The paper suggests and provides incentives for managing and operating, it also argues regulation must be kept in view and design should be concisely structured which gives adequate incentives and guarantee to remain the investment and its operations beneficial for the consumers. Electricity market enlarges deployment and renewing energy power stations to generate and contribute long term price uncertainty. Such situation made solid challenges for investment environment in capital intensive projects including nuclear power. In reply decision makers and investors are getting employing in an area of possession and financial working structure across distinguish market environment to help construction of fresh and large scale nuclear generation projects. In the April 2018 total 450 were operational nuclear reactors in the 30 countries, reshaping almost 393 gigawattts of the electrical capacity. These power stations provide accurate and reliable electricity in affordable prices. However more digital and systematic procedure is required for electrical stations. Despite of all these finical crises are still in its strong position which may avoid the further furnishing of the electricity and its restructuring in the future, thus more work is required to be done in redesigning the whole shape of electrical power stations.

Keywords: Capital Investments, Financial Support, Electric Power

INTRODUCTION

In the earlies 2019 there were almost functional power reactors in distinguish countries. They were in numbers almost 450 and providing almost 400 giga watts electricity, however a lot more to be done as the world population is getting enlarge and demands are also getting large in requirements. According to the research most of the countries are facing the problems of adequate power supply and its distribution due to mis-management and wrong system development. According to the world figures of the facts that restructuring is

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required for the power stations and as well as in the enterprises. In the distinguish countries it has been an issue to provide electricity to all the areas of the country. in some countries people are living near to desert and mountains having no chance of adequate electricity, and it is thus due to the lack of management and poor distribution system as well as wrong power stations structuring. The whole electricity system needs reforms and well experience management though whom it might be pushed to a better circumstance. Enormous investment is required to be invested the sector of the electricity to enlarge its performances and swift its working process. According to the research much work is done in this sector however a lot is required to be done to maximize the overall working of the electricity (Bacon, 2001). The paper suggests and provides incentives for managing and operating, it also argues regulation must be kept in view and design should be concisely structured which gives adequate incentives and guarantee to remain the investment and its operations beneficial for the consumers. Electricity market enlarges deployment and renewing energy power stations to generate and contribute long term price uncertainty. Such situation made solid challenges for investment environment in capital intensive projects including nuclear power. Enough investment is need in the electrical power and it is the need of today consumers to fulfill their daily routine electricity consumption. In reply decision makers and investors are getting employing in an area of possession and financial working structure across distinguish market environment to help construction of fresh and large scale nuclear generation projects. As the world overall institutions had changed their daily and general working frame structure, similar changes are also needed to be brought in the sector of electricity power stations. As well as supporting sophisticated industrial and technological development, nuclear power generates a well-trained labour force. New NPP deployment confronts a variety of difficulties, despite their many advantages. Projects are affected by borrowing rates, construction and lead times, and political concerns when financing a new plant's large upfront capital investment costs.

Financial Support In Electric Power

In the recent time global recession brought serious disturbance in the momentum toward growth which was achieved by different countries. However, the present economic recovery has some satisfaction and had brought considerable beneficiary for the distinguish countries such as developing countries. It is a true story that some of the countries in the Asia had recovered astonishing bestowed and growth, but long term sustaining is a challenge and is a complex work to be done in particular frame of the time. The most your financial support the sector of electricity the better you would expect to gain the electricity without an interruption. Most of the countries had failed to provide enough financial support to power station, however now the world had got knowledge and understanding about the facts and figure, which needs to be sorted out. Form the last 10 years' power stations need four considerations by which the system will get to a better position the following are the points (Borrenstein, 2002).

- Growth of demands
- Use of power stations for mix
- Energy consumption
- Availability of capital

The following table shows different countries financial contribution towards power stations though distinguishes terms and conditions. This table shows arrangements for the power stations from 2017 to 2040 in all sectors such solar and fuel based stations.

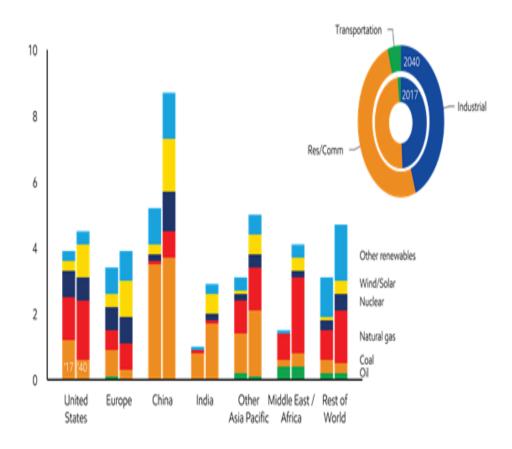


FIGURE 1
FINICAL SUPPORT OF DIFFERENT COUNTRIES

Restructuring of Power Station

Restructuring is needy required for the power station, by restructuring the power sector it provides the better chance to get engaged in the market and find a good place as a leading member in the market place. However best plan is required to be drafted which encourage the consumers to get part in power stations, it also motivate the owners and investors to invest and get large benefits form it There are some components by which restructuring is possible and successfully. Constructing and running public wholesale spot energy markets that meet requirements for real-time supply and demand balancing, responding quickly and effectively to unplanned outages of transmission or generating facilities consistent with the need to maintain network voltage, frequency, and stability parameters within strict limits, and facilitating economic trading opportunities between suppliers and buyers and sellers. A well designed plan is required to be suggested and provided to enlarge the whole activities regarding the power stations and other side planning. According to the research better plan can achieve all the objectives and satisfy the customers to enlarge the wholesale and make the sector profitable by all means. The vacant gaps must be fulfilled as soon as possible according to the desire of consumers. There is still a lot of work is left, which needs speedy proceedings to systemize the whole structure of the power stations (Chisari, 1997). Better structuring will lead the institution towards best distribution, supplement, and quality performances.

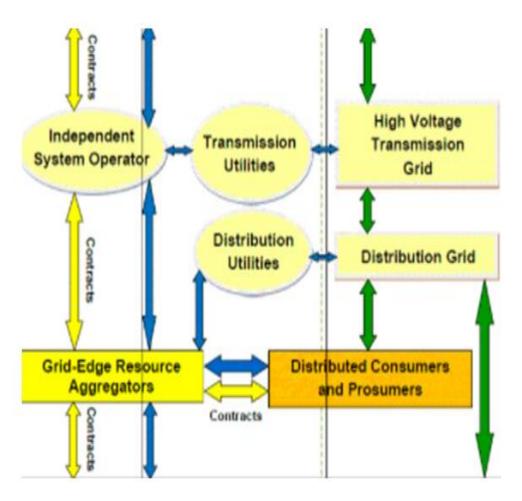


FIGURE 2
RESTRUCTURING OF POWER STATIONS

Characteristics of Restructuring Power Stations

The main and essential characteristics of restructuring is the balance distribution and equal supply to all the consumers of the county. By restructuring the system will get to its better and enhanced position and the demands and supply will be get to its normal position. According to the research majority of the countries had applied this method and did achieve all the primary goals and objective through this methodology. As the world population is getting large and demands of supply is also enlarging, thus the need for the electricity is extending. Most of the power station are restructured and the technology is also being implemented to produce more and accurate distribution to the consumers. This section examines the impact of electricity to be efficient and reliable in terms of using. Electrical sector everywhere on the land involved with primarily precipitously integrated geographic monopolies that were either state-owned or privately-owned and object to price and entry regulation as natural monopolies. The main equipment's of electricity supply -generation, transmission, distribution, and retail supply- were combined within individual electric utilities. These firms in turn had de facto fashionable franchises to enhance electricity to residential, commercial and industrial retail consumers within a confined geographic area (Araujo, 2001)

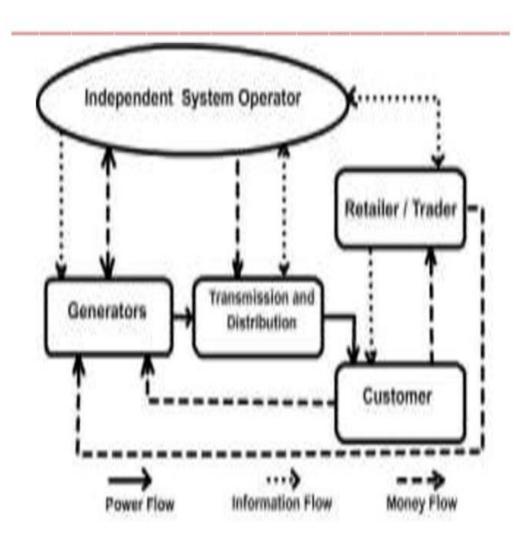


FIGURE 3 CHARACTERISTICS OF RESTRUCTURING POWER STATIONS

Why Capital Investment in Enterprise of Electrical Industry Required?

Capital investment process is much required to fulfill all the side plan demands of the customers. According to the research most of the countries are having the problems relating to the capital investment in the power sector. There are still a lot to be done in this sector to generate more power and enlarge the level of the consumers. Capital investment is the process by which the electricity industry will be supported fully in terms of financial and will make the industry up to a modern generation. However capital investment is an expend term which can be defined as. Every individual institution might create a capital investment in a business. To collect money and handed over as a loan or in reply to a promising repaid or sharing of profits, in situation capital refers to cash. The executive of the industry might create money capital investment in the business. They purchase long term asset and will support the company to run off more adequate and grow swiftly. In this term capital means physical assets. Capital investment is compulsory and is the need of today electrical sector. If the investment is not done in time the whole system will get to the slowness of the supplying and distributing the overall power of the sector (Estache, 1998).

Market Strategies for Electrical Selling Companies

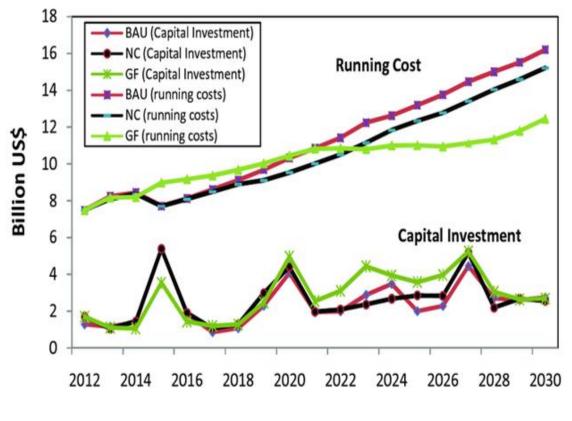


FIGURE 4 CAPITAL INVESTMENT

Product and Service Strategy

The companies who are developing electricity and power stations, they should have a better and well organized plan by which they can enlarge the sale of electricity and also generate more GDP to a country treasury. As well know electricity is the main pillar of the each and every country through which huge amount of profit can be achieved. The strategy must be easy and simple and should have proper channel to motivate the customers and minimize their problems relating to the electricity company (Gilbert, 2002).

Smart Meter

The whole world companies now a days relying on the digitization, they had abandon the conventional system and brought smartness in their proceedings. As far as the world is concern the whole data manipulation is going to be processed by the machines and equipment's which are based on machines.

Electricity Consumption Analysis

The better way to find all the bags and errors in electrical sector, it is highly suggested to analysis the consumption of the electricity and having that in minds, provide the same power supply to an area according to the number of consumer. This process will give safety to the overall structure of the electricity. The equipment will be provided to distinguish areas according to the need of local consumers through this though the company will be in better position to illustrate where and what is required to be supplied (Green, 2002).

Demand and Response Service

Demand and response are tightly connected with each other, the demand must be response as swift as possible, because if any delay is happening the whole process will the postpone and the customer might feel the worst and may put the overall performances of the industry in risk and might also torture the profitability of the company. According to the research the response and demand system must be proper and functional. For power users, demand response service can increase energy efficiency, reduce the cost of enterprise (Hogan, 1992).

Power station Strategy Analysis

System Causality Analysis

This section examines the relationship between several factors and their effects on the success of a strategy. The arrows in the following diagram reflect the direction of causation, while the positive and negative symbols represent the impacts of the various variables.

Product and Service Strategy

As can be seen, the fundamental of influence ingesting analysis is the installation of a digital metre. Requirements response service enhancement is predicated on power ingesting analysis. Demand response is built on the "Internet Plus" service, which connects consumers to the Load aggregator. In the context of demand response, peak load and valley filling play an important role in helping the sales organisation enhance its overall revenue. Prior to the implementation of demand response, peak power demand is unreasonably high, peak electricity prices are high, and voltage is unstable. Power selling industries and load aggregators that provide demand response services minimise peak demand, resulting in lower peak-time energy sales and more low-trough electricity sales (Hunt, 2002).

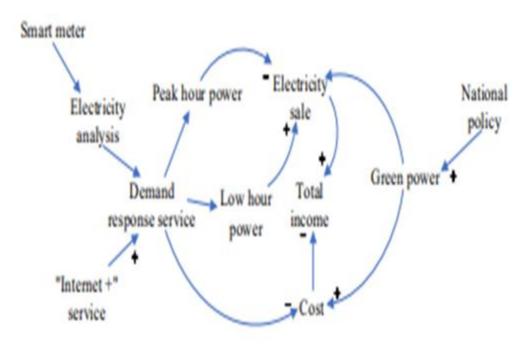


FIGURE 5
POWER STATION STRATEGY ANALYSIS

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DISCUSSION

After the depth study of the financial support of capital investments in the conditions of electric power enterprises restructuring the electrical system will rise upon its feet if the money is timely released and support is being enlarge to calculate all the vacant position of the system according to the research the power stations are in the position to change its position if the attention is being paid to it (Joskow, 1998). However, enterprises are required to restructure its daily and normal designing of working. If the restructuring is done timely and a plan is being schedule it is eye witness that the system will change its shape and will bring huge changes in the world or in a particular country. There are still a lot to be done in this sector to generate more power and enlarge the level of the consumers. Capital investment is the process by which the electricity industry will be supported fully in terms of financial and will make the industry up to a modern generation. However capital investment is an expend term which can be defined as. Every individual institution might create a capital investment in a business. To collect money and handed over as a loan or in reply to a promising repaid or sharing of profits, in situation capital refers to cash. According to the research much work is done in this sector however a lot is required to be done to maximize the overall working of the electricity. The paper suggests and provides incentives for managing and operating, it also argues regulation must be kept in view and design should be concisely structured which gives adequate incentives and guarantee to remain the investment and its operations beneficial for the consumers. Electricity market enlarges deployment and renewing energy power stations to generate and contribute long term price uncertainty. Such situation made solid challenges for investment environment in capital intensive projects including nuclear power. In reply decision makers and investors are getting employing in an area of possession and financial working structure across distinguish market environment to help construction of fresh and large scale nuclear generation projects. A well designed plan is required to be suggested and provided to enlarge the whole activities regarding the power stations and other side planning. According to the research better plan can achieve all the objectives and satisfy the customers to enlarge the wholesale and make the sector profitable by all means. The vacant gaps must be fulfilled as soon as possible according to the desire of consumers. There is still a lot of work left, which needs speedy proceedings to systemize the whole structure of the power stations. Most of the power station are restructured and the technology is also being implemented to produce more and accurate distribution to the consumers (Jamasb, 2002).

CONCLUSION

To conclude power stations and its restructuring is primarily required and timely should be provided to enlarge the working capabilities of the system similarly it is also needed to make the system of electricity and its enterprise along with a methodology by which the consumers have the right and choice to be selected to beneficial them. It is also stated that in some countries electrical powers are having losing position due to non-availability of financial support and minor income from the company due to the lack of management and poor services. As far as the current world is concern majority of the issues are rising due to money mis-management. Management is important because if any delay is happening the whole process will the postpone and the customer might feel the worst and may put the overall performances of the industry in risk and might also torture the profitability of the company. According to the research the response and demand system must be proper and functional to enhance the overall performances of the electrical power stations. The executive of the industry might create money capital investment in the business. They purchase long term asset and will support the company to run off more adequate and grow

swiftly. In this term capital means physical assets. Capital investment is compulsory and is the need of today electrical sector (Coltry, 2002). The whole electricity system needs reforms and well experience management though whom it might be pushed to a better circumstance. Enormous investment is required to be invested the sector of the electricity to enlarge its performances and swift its working process. According to the research much work is done in this sector however a lot is required to be done to maximize the overall working of the electricity. In the study it was also stated that electricity is the need of today world, all the countries leaders are working on this sector to make it the most profitable company. The paper suggests and provides incentives for managing and operating, it also argues regulation must be kept in view and design should be concisely structured which gives adequate incentives and guarantee to remain the investment and its operations beneficial for the consumers. Electricity market enlarges deployment and renewing energy power stations to generate and contribute long term price uncertainty. Restructuring is needy required for the power station, by restructuring the power sector it provides the better chance to get engaged in the market and find a good place as a leading member in the market place. However best plan is required to be drafted which encourage the consumers to get part in power stations (Jory, 2003).

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